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CLAIMS

1. Hydroxyapatite (HA) incorporating an alpha-emitting radionuclide or an *in vivo* generator for an alpha-

5 emitting radionuclide.

2. Hydroxyapatite according to claim 1 comprising an alpha-emitting radionuclide chosen from the group ²¹¹At, ²¹²Bi, ²²³Ra, ²²⁴Ra, ²²⁵Ac, ²²⁷Th.

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- 3. Hydroxyapatite according to claim 1 comprising a beta-emitting radionuclide, that decays via an alphaemitting daughter.
- 15 4. Hydroxyapatite according to claim 3 wherein the beta-emitting radionuclide is ²¹²Pb, ²¹¹Pb, ²¹³Bi or ²²⁵Ra.
 - 5. Hydroxyapatite according to any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the HA comprises a cation that is bivalent or trivalent or a mixture of such cations.
 - 6. Hydroxyapatite according to claim 5 wherein the cation is chosen from the group consisting of calcium, strontium, barium, bismuth, yttrium, lanthanum, lead or mixtures thereof.
 - 7. Hydroxyapatite according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the HA is particulate and has a size in the range of 1 nm to 100 μ m.

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- 8. Hydroxyapatite according to claim 7 wherein the HA has a size in the range of 1 μm to 20 μm
- Hydroxyapatite according to any one of claims 1 to
 8, wherein the HA is surface modified with amino acids, peptides, proteins, antibodies, carbohydrates,

phosphonates, fluorine, magnetic substances, folate groups or a combination thereof.

10. Hydroxyapatite according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the HA is combined or co-sedimented with a substance selected from the following group: metals, oxides, proteins, amino acids, carbohydrates, phosphonates including bisphosphonates or organic compounds.

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- 11. Hydroxyapatite according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the HA is combined or co-sedimented with a substance selected from polylactide, polyethyleneketones, glass-ceramics, titania, alumina, zirconia, silica, polyethylene, epoxy, polyethyleneglycol, polyhydroxybutyrate, gelatin, collagen, chitosan, phosphazene, iron, iron oxides, magnetic iron or mixtures thereof.
- 20 12. A process for preparing a radionuclide-labeled hydroxyapatite particulate, said process comprising:
 - (a) contacting a solution of an alpha-emitting radionuclide or an *in vivo* generator of an alpha-emitting radionuclide with hydroxyapatite particulates; and
- 25 (b) optionally crystallizing a coating of hydroxyapatite on the labeled particulates prepared in step (a) whereby to encapsulate said radionuclide or said in vivo generator in the particulate.
- 30 13. A process as claimed in claim 12 wherein step (a) is carried out at a pH in the range 3-12.
 - 14 A process as claimed in claim 12 or claim 13 wherein said in vivo generator of an alpha-emitting radionuclide
- is ²¹²Pb and, prior to steps a) and b), said method additionally comprises;

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i) Preparing 224 Ra,

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- ii) Purifying the 224 Ra by contact with an f-block specific binder ,
- iii) Allowing ingrowth of 212 Pb, and
- 5 iv) Purifying the resulting 212 Pb by contact with a lead-specific binder
- 15. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a hydroxyapatite as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
 - 16. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 in liquid, injectable form.
- 15 17. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 in gel form.
- 18. Use of hydroxyapatite (HA) and an alpha-emitting radionuclide or a radionuclide which is an *in vivo*20 generator for an alpha-emitting radionuclide in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment of a cancerous or non-cancerous disease.
- 19. Use as claimed in claim 18 wherein said medicament is an injectable, infusable or locally applicable medicament.
 - 20. Use as claimed in claim 18 or claim 19 wherein said treatment comprises radiosynovectomy.
 - 21. Use as claimed in claim 18 or claim 19 wherein said treatment comprises intratumor therapy.
- 22. Use as claimed in claim 18 or claim 19 wherein said treatment comprises administration into the blood supply of a cancerous organ.

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23. A device comprising hydroxyapatite incorporating an alpha-emitting radionuclide or an *in vivo* generator for an alpha-emitting radionuclide.

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- 5 24. A method of radiochemical treatment of a human or non-human animal subject in need thereof, said method comprising administering to said subject an effective amount of a hydroxyapatite as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11 or of a composition as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 17.
 - 25. A method as claimed in claim 24 for the treatment of an intracavitary primary or metastatic tumor.
- 15 26. A method as claimed in claim 24 for radiosynovectomy.

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- 28. A method as claimed in claim 24 for anticancer therapy.
- 29. A method as claimed in claim 24 for anticancer treatment and/or sterilization of tumor bed and optionally the cavity in the case of an intracavitary tumor, wherein said administration is effected after surgical removal of at least part of a tumor.